MASTER OF PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAM (MPH)

Program Overview

Objectives
The overarching goal of the MPH Program is to provide students with a population perspective on health. The Johns Hopkins MPH Program is designed to:

- prepare students to tackle current and emerging global public health problems
- provide students with critical multidisciplinary training to help solve global health problems
- equip students with foundational public health knowledge and competencies

Students are required to complete a core MPH curriculum that comprises approximately 45-50 of the 80 credits required for graduation. Students have flexibility to customize the remaining elective credits of their curriculum to their areas of interest to achieve an appropriate balance between depth and breadth.

MPH Program Matriculation Dates and Locations

June Cohort (Part-time)
Orientation: Online or Onsite in Baltimore, MD. End of May/Early June.
Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health
600 N. Wolfe Street
Baltimore, MD 21205

July Cohort (Full-time)
Orientation: Onsite in Baltimore, MD. Beginning of July.
Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health
600 N. Wolfe Street
Baltimore, MD 21205

November Cohort (Part-time)
Orientation: Onsite in Barcelona, Spain. Early November.
Universitat Pompeu Fabra
Ciutadella Campus
Mercè Rodoreda Building
Ramon Trias Fargas, 25-27
08005 Barcelona

January Cohort (Part-time)
Orientation: Online early January.
Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health
600 N. Wolfe Street
Baltimore, MD 21205

March Cohort (Part-time)
Orientation: Onsite in Kyoto, Japan. Mid March.
iHope International
Kyoto daiichiseimei-Izumiya Bldg., 5F
Akinonocho 513, Nakagyo-ku
Kyoto 604-0847 Japan

Planning Your Curriculum

MPH students have flexibility in choosing courses and putting together their academic schedule of courses. Students can mix and match online courses, intensive learning Institute courses, on-site courses at our East Baltimore campus, as well as Johns Hopkins courses at other sites.

Catalogue and Academic Calendar
The definitive course directory is https://www.jhsph.edu/courses (https://www.jhsph.edu/courses/) and the current year courses in this catalogue should be used for planning. New students should familiarize themselves with the academic calendar (https://e-catalogue.jhu.edu/public-health/academic-calendar/) for the term dates and registration periods.

Course Load and Time Commitment
Each credit represents, on average, about a three to four-hour time commitment during each week of the eight-week term. A median course load per 8-week term for a part-time student is about 5-6 credits. Therefore, part-time students can expect an average of 15-18 hours’ worth of course-related work per week. Full-time students must be registered for 12 or more credits each term to maintain full-time status. Assuming that each credit of a course equals about three to four hours’ worth of work per week, full-time students can expect to dedicate approximately 36 hours of work per week to their MPH courses. No student may exceed twenty-two credits in a single term.

Sequencing Your Curriculum
Required core area courses should be completed early in the program, and the epidemiology core course must be completed during the first year of study. If elective courses have prerequisites, these will be listed in the course description. Some course content, such as biostatistics, is delivered in a specific sequence of courses. Certificates may have specific sequences that participants should follow. The capstone is to be completed at or near the end of the program.

Choosing Electives
Many of MPH program credits will be in elective courses, and even some of the core courses can be chosen from among a variety of options. Here are some places to look for guidance in choosing electives:

- Your faculty adviser
- The course listings for the Summer, Fall and Winter Institutes (p. 2)
- Searches in the course directory, using key words for search terms that pertain to your areas of interest
- The Informal Focus Areas/Formal Concentrations
- The certificate programs offered by BSPH (please see below)

BSPH Certificate Programs

The School offers certificate programs in specific areas of study. MPH students may pursue a certificate program; however, a student in a concentration area should check with the concentration directors to ensure that there is no substantial overlap between the concentration and certificate requirements. For more information, see http://www.jhsph.edu/academics/certificate-programs/ (http://
www.jhsphs.edu/academics/certificate-%20programs/) and contact the faculty sponsors of the certificate programs listed on the website.

Formal Concentrations Areas
Concentrations and certificate programs differ in that concentrations are intended specifically for MPH students and incorporate faculty advising and the capstone experience within the concentration.

- Aging in Public Health
- Child and Adolescent Health
- Epidemiological and Biostatistical Methods for Public Health and Clinical Research
- Food, Nutrition and Health
- Food Systems
- Global Environmental Sustainability and Health
- Health Leadership and Management
- Health Systems and Policy
- Humanitarian Health
- Infectious Diseases
- Social and Behavioral Sciences in Public Health
- Women's and Reproductive Health

Detailed information about each concentration can be found on the MPH website (https://www.jhsphs.edu/academics/degree-programs/master-of-public-health/curriculum/concentrations.html) and in the student manual for full-time students. Part-time/online students are able to take concentration courses as electives and possibly may participate in the concentration.

On-Campus Work in the Intensive Institutes
Summer Institutes in Baltimore
The Summer Institutes offer short intensive courses in the following areas:

- Health Behavior and Society
- Health Policy & Management
- Environmental Health
- Epidemiology and Biostatistics
- Injury Prevention
- Mental Health
- Tropical Medicine
- American Indian Health
- Health Emergencies in Large Populations

The course schedules for the various Summer Institutes are typically published online in February.

Global Tobacco Control Institute in Baltimore
Two weeks of intensive courses held in Baltimore in October, considered to be part of 1st Term. Offerings are for students pursuing the Global Tobacco Control Certificate.

Fall Institute in Barcelona, Spain
Fall Institute is comprised of several short courses offered in November and is part of 2nd Term. While the Institute is hosted by the Health Policy & Management Department, the courses offered are from multiple departments and the offerings vary from year to year. Courses are held at Universitat Pompeu Fabra in Barcelona and taught in English. The schedule is typically available in late June.

Winter Institute in Baltimore
A variety of one- and two-week course are offered in January. Typically, the offerings include courses in Data Analysis, Tropical Medicine, Native American Health, Health Emergencies, Quality Improvement, and Health Communication, among others. The schedule is typically available in September.

Winter Institute in Washington, DC
All-day courses from one to four days long, pertaining to Health Policy, are offered in January. Courses are held at a Johns Hopkins satellite campus in the DuPont Circle area of Washington. The schedule is typically available in September.

SOURCE
https://www.jhsphs.edu/source/

SOURCE is the community engagement and service-learning center for the Johns Hopkins University (JHU) Schools of Public Health, Nursing, and Medicine. Its mission is to engage the Johns Hopkins University health professional schools and Baltimore communities in mutually beneficial partnerships that promote health and social justice. There are multiple ways to engage in a practicum experience through SOURCE supported activities. However, not all SOURCE projects meet the practicum requirements. Subscribe to the SOURCE Weekly Service Scoop to learn more about the latest community involvement opportunities in Baltimore City (https://source.jhu.edu/programs-and-events/service-scoop/).

Getting Advice, Mentoring, and Your Questions Answered
Each MPH student is assigned a faculty adviser. The role of the adviser is to discuss your academic program and progress including your choice of courses considering your educational and professional goals. Your adviser is your first point of contact with the faculty, but students are encouraged to reach out and form relationships with other faculty members as interests evolve. A Faculty Directory is available online (https://publichealth.jhu.edu/faculty/directory/list/?combine=&work_type%5Bprimary%5D=primary).

Once you are assigned an adviser, you should be proactive in contacting them at least once a term. Since faculty advisers are also busy with research studies, lecturing, and frequent travel, the best way to initiate contact is to send your adviser an email to see if you can schedule a time to meet or talk by phone at a mutually convenient time.

Students should use the MPH program office as a source for advice on the day-to-day details of the program, questions regarding program requirements, school policies or administrative procedures.

For specific questions about academic rules and regulations, especially concerning the grading systems, pass/fail options, and add/drop policies, please consult BSPH Academic Policies (https://e-catalogue.jhu.edu/public-health/policies/academic/).

MPH Executive Board
The Johns Hopkins MPH Program is governed by the MPH Executive Board composed of faculty from all departments of the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health.
Master of Public Health Program (MPH)

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410-955-4749 (fax)
jhsph.mphprog@jhu.edu
http://www.jhsph.edu/MPH (https://www.jhsph.edu/MPH/)

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Program Requirements

Course location and modality is found on the BSPH website (https://publichealth.jhu.edu/academics/course-directory/coursesection-numbers-explained/).

Summary of Graduation Requirements

• A minimum of 80 credits are required for graduation. Students must complete the MPH core curriculum as detailed in the next section entitled “MPH Core Curriculum (p. 4).”
• At least 60 of the 80 credits must be completed in formal coursework that is not special studies, i.e. independent studies.
• At leave five additional general competencies from Concentration Competencies must be completed.
• All courses that are part of the core curriculum must be taken for a letter grade, if the course is offered for a letter grade.
• All students are required to complete an individualized MPH Goals Analysis.
• All students must complete the MPH Practicum requirement, including course PH.300.615 The Tools of Public Health Practice or PH.300.603 The Tools of Public Health Practice and Decision Making.
• All students must complete PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences and an MPH capstone (PH.XXX.800).
• Students are required to complete PH.550.860 Academic & Research Ethics at BSPH during their first term of registration in the program.
• All students must maintain minimum academic standards (p. 4) and have satisfactory grades as detailed in the Academic Standards section.

Note: A repeated course may only count once toward the 80-credit requirement. Courses taken for audit do not count toward the 80-credit requirement for graduation.

Special Note on Courses Taken at BSPH While Not Formally Matriculated as an MPH Degree Seeking Student: A limited number of course credits taken at Johns Hopkins prior to matriculation into the MPH Program (e.g., up to 16 as a special student and 40 credits from another degree program) can be applied toward the 80 total credits, provided the courses were completed not more than 5 years prior to the date of matriculation into the MPH Program.

Academic Standards
Students must meet minimum academic standards to remain in the MPH Program. A student’s failure to meet any of the criteria below is grounds for being placed on academic warning and/or being dismissed from the program.

1. To maintain good academic standing in the MPH program, students must maintain a minimum cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.75. Students with a GPA falling below 2.75 will be placed on academic warning and will have one term, or 12 additional credits of coursework, to raise the GPA to 2.75 or above. Students not meeting the 2.75 minimum after one term may be granted additional term(s) on academic warning if academic progress has been shown in the cumulative GPA. Students on academic warning must meet with their faculty adviser and the MPH Academic Coordinator prior to registering for courses. Students with a cumulative GPA of less than 2.75 may not register for more than 18 credits per term. Any repeated courses count towards this 18-credit limit. [Note: Students with less than a 2.75 cumulative GPA are not eligible to enroll in the Biostatistics 620 course series or the Epidemiology 750 course series].

2. A student who earns a “D”, “U”, or “F” grade in a course that meets a core requirement must, at the next opportunity, make a second attempt to complete the core requirement either by repeating the same course or by completing another course that meets the same core requirement (if available).

3. Students must complete the Public Health Policy/Problem Solving core requirement and the Epidemiology core requirement within the first twelve months of matriculation into the MPH program.

4. Students must complete the Goals Analysis plan within the set timeframe during the first two terms of the program.

5. Students must progress toward degree completion in four years or less, as per their Goals Analysis plan. If additional time is required to complete the degree, it is a student’s responsibility to contact in writing (email communication is sufficient) their faculty adviser and their MPH Academic Coordinator to request an extension beyond the four-year limit. An extension request should be submitted to their faculty adviser and their MPH Academic Coordinator at least one term prior to the end of the 4-year limit.

6. Students may not accrue more than 9 credits of “incomplete” coursework at any given time. Students exceeding this limit must immediately contact their faculty adviser and their MPH Academic Coordinator in writing (email communication is sufficient) to discuss their academic situation. Students may not be permitted to register for subsequent terms until the incompletes have been resolved.

7. Students who are inactive (not enrolled in courses) for two terms or more without notifying their MPH Academic Coordinator of their academic plans will be withdrawn from the program. Students who do not notify in writing (email communication is sufficient) their MPH Academic Coordinator and faculty adviser of their circumstances may suspend enrollment, assuming that they otherwise have met academic standards.

Academic and Research Ethics at BSPH
Maintaining the highest level of academic and research integrity is an important responsibility of our faculty and students. To help achieve this goal, all students are required to complete the PH.550.860 Academic & Research Ethics at BSPH course. The course examines academic and research ethics at BSPH through a series of online interactive modules:

• Focuses on information about the academic ethics code and responsible conduct of research at the School.
• Explores issues of academic integrity such as proper ethical conduct and referencing, and discusses violations such as plagiarism and cheating, relative to case studies that illustrate situations faced by students and faculty in the academic setting.
• Addresses topics that include responsible conduct of research, authorship, data management, data ownership, guidelines for professional conduct, research fraud or scientific misconduct, federal and institutional guidelines related to research using human and animal subjects and ethical issues involving vulnerable subjects in research.

Students are automatically registered into the Academic and Research Ethics course (PH.550.860) when they matriculate into the MPH program. All BSPH students are required to complete this non-credit course by the end of the Institute associated with their Orientation program and matriculation (ie: Summer Institute, Fall Institute or Winter Institute).

The BSPH Policy and Procedure Memorandum for Students for Academic Ethics can be found at https://my.jhsph.edu/Resources/PoliciesProcedures/ppm/PolicyProcedureMemoranda/Students_01_Academic_Ethics_102606.pdf

MPH Core Curriculum
The core curriculum and associated components of the MPH Program includes grounding in foundational public health knowledge in the profession and science of public health and factors related to human health. All MPH graduates will demonstrate public health competencies that are informed by the critical disciplines in public health (including: biostatistics, epidemiology, social and behavioral determinants of health, management sciences, public health problem-solving, computer applications, demography, environmental health, biological sciences, and public health policy) as well as cross-cutting and emerging public health areas.

The core curriculum also provides an opportunity to apply the skills and competencies acquired during the program to practical public health
problems through the MPH practicum experience and the MPH capstone course and project.

The following are required of MPH students, but are not formal courses:

- Goals Analysis Plan requirement (please see section "Goals Analysis")
- MPH Practicum requirement (please see section "Practicum Experience in Population-based Health")
- MPH Capstone requirement (please see section "MPH Capstone Project")
- Completion of Interprofessional Education Event

In addition to the above courses, students must also complete additional courses to satisfy the MPH foundational knowledge learning objectives and public health foundational competencies. The tables on the following pages list courses that satisfy the foundational knowledge and competency areas and when they are offered.

Course schedules are subject to change; please check the course directory for the most up-to-date course listing information: https://www.jhsph.edu/courses/

Listing of MPH Core Curriculum Course Options

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.221.688</td>
<td>Social and Behavioral Foundations of Primary Health Care</td>
<td>3-8</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.222.642</td>
<td>Assessment of Nutritional Status</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.224.689</td>
<td>Health Behavior Change At the Individual, Household and Community Levels</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.318.623</td>
<td>Social Policy for Vulnerable Populations in the U.S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.380.640</td>
<td>Children in Crisis: An Asset-Based Approach to Working With Vulnerable Youth</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.613</td>
<td>Psychosocial Factors in Health and Illness</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.614</td>
<td>A New View: Improving Public Health Through innovative Social and Behavioral Tools and Approaches</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.616</td>
<td>Social and Behavioral Aspects of Public Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.620</td>
<td>Program Planning for Health Behavior Change</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.654</td>
<td>Health Communication Programs I: Planning and Strategic Design</td>
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<td>&amp; PH.410.655</td>
<td>and Health Communication Programs II: Implementation and Implementation</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.683</td>
<td>Global Perspectives on LGBT Health</td>
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**Biologic and Genetic Factors**

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<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.552.608</td>
<td>Biologic, Genetic and Infectious Bases of Human Disease (Required)</td>
<td>0.5</td>
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</table>

**Biology and Public Health**

Appropriate for all students. Provides a broad introduction to public health biology.

Select one of the following: 2-6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.183.631</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Human Physiology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.636</td>
<td>Evolution of Infectious Disease</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.550.630</td>
<td>Public Health Biology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.550.631</td>
<td>Biological Basis of Public Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.550.844</td>
<td>Current Issues in Public Health: COVID-19 Pandemic Response</td>
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For students possessing considerable breadth of biological competence, subject to concurrence of the advisor:

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<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.120.603</td>
<td>Molecular Biology of Pandemic Influenza</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.120.620</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Reproductive Biology</td>
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<td>PH.120.627</td>
<td>Stem Cells and the Biology of Aging and Disease</td>
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<td>PH.182.640</td>
<td>Food- and Water- Borne Diseases</td>
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<td>PH.187.610</td>
<td>Public Health Toxicology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.222.641</td>
<td>Principles of Human Nutrition in Public Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.223.689</td>
<td>Biologic Basis of Vaccine Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.606</td>
<td>Major Global Infectious Diseases: Prospects for Control</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.631</td>
<td>Immunology, Infection and Disease</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.635</td>
<td>Biology of Parasitism</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.650</td>
<td>Vector Biology and Vector-Borne Diseases</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.656</td>
<td>Malariaiology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.340.612</td>
<td>Epidemiologic Basis for Tuberculosis Control</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.340.646</td>
<td>Epidemiology and Public Health Impact of HIV and AIDS</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.340.654</td>
<td>Epidemiology and Natural History of Human Viral Infections</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.340.744</td>
<td>Advanced Topics on Control and Prevention of HIV/AIDS</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.380.761</td>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infections in Public Health Practice</td>
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**Capstone Project**

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<th>Code</th>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.710</td>
<td>Communication Practice for Health Science Professionals</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.260.720</td>
<td>Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences (Required)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.xxx.800</td>
<td>MPH Capstone (Required: course number is affiliated with Capstone Advisor's department)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.300.860</td>
<td>Special Studies/Research: The Media and the Message: What Public Health Needs to Know about the News</td>
<td>3</td>
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**Communication Strategies**

Select one of the following: 3-8

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.222.654</td>
<td>Food, Culture, and Nutrition</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.224.692</td>
<td>Methods in Formative Research and Human Centered Design for Intervention Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.301.645</td>
<td>Health Advocacy</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.308.604</td>
<td>Effective Writing for Public Health Change</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.308.701</td>
<td>Effective Presentations and News Media Interviews: Practical Skills for Public Health Practitioners</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.380.620</td>
<td>A Coalition-based SMART Approach to Public Health Advocacy</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.317.610</td>
<td>Risk Policy, Management and Communication</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.650</td>
<td>Introduction to Persuasive Communications: Theories and Practice</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.651</td>
<td>Health Literacy: Challenges and Strategies for Effective Communication</td>
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</table>
PH.410.654 & PH.410.655
Health Communication Programs I: Planning and Strategic Design
and Health Communication Programs II: Implementation and Evaluation

Environmental Health
PH.180.601 Environmental Health (Required) 5

Foundational Public Health Knowledge
PH.552.601 Foundational Principles of Public Health 0.5
PH.552.609 Psychological and Behavioral Factors That Affect A Population's Health (Required) 0.5
PH.552.610 The Social Determinants of Health (Required) 0.5
PH.552.611 Globalization and Population Health (Required) 0.5

Health Equity
Select one of the following: 3-4
PH.188.694 Health of Vulnerable Worker Populations
PH.305.684 Health Impact Assessment
PH.318.623 Social Policy for Vulnerable Populations in the U.S.
PH.330.661 Social, Psychological, and Developmental Processes in the Etiology of Mental Disorders
PH.380.604 Life Course Perspectives on Health
PH.410.600 Fundamentals of Health, Behavior and Society

Interprofessional Practice
PH.552.625 Building Collaborations Across Sectors to Improve Population Health and Interprofessional Education Activity (Required) 0.5
& PH.550.602

Leadership, Governance, and Management
Select one of the following: 2-4
PH.221.602 Applications in Managing Health Organizations in Low and Middle income Countries
PH.221.608 Managing Non-Governmental Organizations in the Health Sector
PH.312.600 Managing Health Services Organizations
PH.312.601 Fundamentals of Management for Health Care Organizations
PH.312.655 Organizational Behavior and Management
PH.312.700 Leading Organizations
PH.312.703 Learning Organizations & Knowledge Management
PH.410.622 Strategic Leadership Principles and Tools for Health System Transformation in Developing Countries

MPH Studies
PH.550.867 Introduction to MPH Studies

Negotiation and Mediation
PH.552.623 Principles of Negotiation and Mediation for Public Health Professionals (Required) 0.5
PH.552.624 Applications of Negotiation and Mediation for Public Health Professionals (Required) 0.5

Population Dynamics
PH.380.755 Population Dynamics and Public Health (Required) 2

Public Health Policy/Problem Solving
Must be completed during the 1st year of the MPH Program
Select one of the following:
PH.300.610 Public Health Policy
PH.550.608 Problem Solving in Public Health (Required)

Public Health Practice
Select one of the following:
PH.300.603 The Tools of Public Health Practice and Decision Making
PH.300.615 The Tools of Public Health Practice

Qualitative Methods
Select one of the following: 0.5-3
PH.224.690 Qualitative Research Theory and Methods
PH.550.604 Qualitative Reasoning in Public Health
PH.552.603 The Role of Qualitative Methods and Science in Describing and Assessing a Population’s Health

Quantitative Methods
Must complete requirements for both Biostatistics and Epidemiology

Biostatistics
No switching permitted between Biostatistics sequences.
Select one complete sequence from the following: 6-16
PH.140.651 Statistical Reasoning in Public Health I & PH.140.612 and Statistical Reasoning in Public Health II 1,2
PH.140.621 Statistical Methods in Public Health I & PH.140.622 and Statistical Methods in Public Health II & PH.140.623 and Statistical Methods in Public Health III 3
PH.140.651 Methods in Biostatistics I & PH.140.652 and Methods in Biostatistics II & PH.140.653 and Methods in Biostatistics III & PH.140.654 and Methods in Biostatistics IV 4

Epidemiology
Must be completed during the 1st year of the MPH program
Select one of the following:
PH.340.601 Principles of Epidemiology
PH.340.721 Epidemiologic Inference in Public Health I

Resource Management and Budgeting
Select one of the following: 1-3
PH.221.602 Applications in Managing Health Organizations in Low and Middle income Countries
PH.312.603 Fundamentals of Budgeting and Financial Management
PH.318.625 Management of Nonprofit Organizations
PH.552.621 Basic Resources Management for Public Health
PH.552.622 Creating, Implementing and Monitoring Budgets for Projects and Programs

Systems Thinking
Select one of the following:
PH.221.654 Systems Thinking in Public Health: Applications of Key Methods and Approaches
PH.552.626 Systems Thinking: Concepts and Methods
Modifications of Core Course Requirements
In some exceptional circumstances, students may be granted a modification of some core requirements if they can demonstrate and document that they have previously acquired the associated core competencies. Even if a modification is granted of a core course, 80 credits are still required for graduation. Modifications or exceptions can only be granted in the following core areas:

- **Biostatistics**: Requires taking an examination. Please contact Dr. Marie Diener-West, mdiener@jhu.edu.
- **Epidemiology**: Requires taking an examination. Please contact Ms. Allyn Arnold, aarnold2@jhu.edu.
- **Biology and Public Health**: Core course exceptions can be requested by contacting Dr. Gary Ketner, gketner1@jhu.edu. Be prepared to submit the title of the course, name of instructor, textbook used, a summary of course syllabi, and grade received.

*All other core requirements must be completed with the approved course options only.*

Additional General Competencies
Students must select 5 additional general competencies that they plan to develop – separate from the Foundational Public Health competencies. These five additional competencies may expand or enhance the foundational competencies but cannot be the same as them. **Students select their 5 additional competencies from among the > 60 competencies listed in courses required by any of the 12 MPH Concentration Areas.**

- This decision should be made in consultation with your academic adviser.
- Please note that a single course may satisfy multiple competencies.

The Competency Table must be completed and submitted as part of your curriculum plan. You will submit the curriculum plan online. All courses that you select to meet your 5 additional competencies must be completed for degree completion and graduation eligibility.

As you progress through the MPH program, if your course selections change, you must upload a new curriculum plan and competency table to show how these requirements will continue to be met.


MPH Customized Program of Study and Optional MPH Concentrations
Typically, 40-45 credits of an MPH student’s curriculum are based on courses from the required core curriculum. The remainder of the total of 80 credits required for graduation can be accomplished either through a customized program or through one of twelve multidisciplinary concentration areas.

**MPH Customized Program**

The MPH customized program is for students who desire an understanding of a broad spectrum of public health problems. It is designed for students who want versatility in designing their MPH course electives and may have academic objectives that do not fit precisely into the concentration areas. Students who customize their program of study complete the core MPH requirements and then choose elective courses for the remaining credits (approximately 35-40) in consultation with their faculty academic advisers.

**MPH Concentration Areas**

There are 12 multidisciplinary concentration areas. The concentration areas are designed for students wishing to have a guided curriculum in an area and the opportunity to interact with other students and faculty who share similar academic interests. Students who elect a concentration must complete several required course credits (approximately 20 credits) as specified by the concentration area and above the MPH core course requirements.

The specific number of additional credits required by each concentration is variable. However, as a rough guide, of the 80 credits needed for graduation, approximately half are core MPH requirements that all students must complete, approximately one quarter are course credits required by the concentration area and approximately one quarter of the credits are course electives.

**Choosing to Customize or Electing a Concentration**

The decision to customize one’s program or elect a concentration area depends on the individual student. Specific questions concerning each concentration should be directed to the concentration faculty directors.

Answers to some frequently asked questions are:

- Students may elect only one MPH area concentration area.
- Students may qualify for a concentration and a certificate unless noted otherwise by the concentration directors.
- Students may switch into a new concentration only if they have met the 1st term requirements for that concentration and they must notify the MPH Academic Coordinator (Janet Carn at jcarn1@jhu.edu for full-time; Katie Cruit at kcruit@jhu.edu or Jacob Shaw at jshaw46@jh.edu for part-time) and the Concentration Directors.
- Students are always free to change from a concentration to a customized course of study at any time during the academic year. When changing from a concentration to a customized course of study, students must notify the MPH Academic Coordinator (Janet Carn at jcarn1@jhu.edu for full-time; Katie Cruit at kcruit@jhu.edu or Jacob Shaw at jshaw46@jh.edu for part-time) and the Concentration Directors.
- Students with an interest in international health will have ample opportunity to apply their knowledge to global health and developing country issues either as a customized student or as a student electing any of these concentration areas.
- Students completing a concentration will have a notation placed on their academic transcript.

**Academic Advising**
Advising assignments are made after a student makes the decision to customize their program or elect a concentration. Students who elect to customize their program of study will be assigned an appropriate faculty academic adviser by the MPH Program Faculty after carefully considering the students’ interests and goals. Similarly, upon election of a concentration, a student will be assigned a faculty academic adviser from the concentration area.

**Capstone Project**

All students complete an MPH capstone project under the direction of a faculty capstone adviser. The MPH capstone experience in a concentration area may be more structured and focused on topics related to the concentration.

**Goals Analysis**

The purpose of the MPH Individualized Goals Analysis requirement is to:

- Describe the goals and competencies which you aim to achieve during your program.
- Plan your MPH education early in your program with the support and guidance of your academic network adviser.
- Serve as a springboard for discussion of career opportunities as the program progresses.
- The Goals Analysis should be updated as you make changes in focus and direction throughout the MPH program.

The required Goals Analysis will be completed as part of the *Introduction to MPH Studies* course and consists of two parts:

- **Part 1 – Self-Assessment**: Complete a self-assessment by:
  1. Rating your current skill levels for the Schoolwide and MPH core competencies. Identify the core competencies that you wish to focus on and those that are particularly relevant to your professional future.
  2. In your reflection, briefly explain what knowledge, skills, and experiences you bring to the program. Identify your goals for the MPH by explaining what you hope to gain in terms of knowledge, skills, professional and personal contacts, and any additional experiences. This information should be reviewed with your academic network adviser.

- **Part 2 – Curriculum Planning**: Students should work with their academic network adviser to complete their curriculum plan and submit the online Core Curriculum Confirmation Form to the MPH Program office.

1. Develop a term-by-term tentative course plan for your entire MPH program, including the five general competencies and corresponding courses that you will be completing. Your course plan should include the required courses, electives, and special studies you intend to take and when you plan to complete these courses.
2. Once your term-by-term plan has been created, complete the *Core Curriculum Confirmation Form*, indicating your core course selections and your 5 general competency selections. In the reflection section of the form, list any potential plans for a practicum experience and the specific skills you hope to develop through the practicum. Also, briefly describe one or more capstone topics of interest and possible capstone faculty mentors.
3. Once you have submitted the *Core Curriculum Confirmation Form*, then add your Biostatistics sequence selection and your general competency selection to your Degree Audit. This is required for degree completion and graduation. If during your MPH program, your biostatistics sequence or general competency selections change (including joining or leaving a concentration), you must update your Degree Audit to reflect these changes. All courses that are linked to your 5 general competencies must be completed for degree and graduation eligibility.

The Goals Analysis is intended to be a living document, one which you and your adviser review and update as you make changes in focus and direction throughout the MPH program.

**Practicum Experience in Population-based Health**

**About the Practicum**

The intent of the MPH practicum requirement is to engage students in activities aligned with their career goals, as well as activities that demonstrate application of public health concepts and critical thinking relevant to the student’s area of specialization. Students will seek out activities that further develop their skill set and add new tools to their professional toolkit. Upon completion of the program, the student will be able to provide evidence of application of these skills to potential employers.

Organizations or agencies that can serve as practicum sites may include local and state public health agencies, community-based organizations, international non-governmental agencies and organizations, data coordinating centers for clinical trials, and BSPH Centers. The Practicum Experience must have some engagement in the larger public health practice implications of the work. This could be completed in a variety of ways, as appropriate to the individual projects. Some examples include, but are not limited to, collaboration with others (e.g., end users, data collectors, etc.) to provide/prepare for data analysis and interpretation, partnerships with other public health organizations (e.g., state health department, community organizations) related to study design or implementation; and obtaining input on the work from stakeholders (population impacted by project, other professionals/researchers completing similar work).

Activities completed prior to matriculation to the MPH program do not count towards the MPH practicum requirement.

**Helpful Links**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/">https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/</a></td>
<td>Practicum Website</td>
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<tr>
<td><a href="https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/">https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/</a></td>
<td>Practicum Opportunity Site</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**General Criteria for MPH Practicum**

The following criteria reflect the minimum practicum requirements. Approval from the MPH Practicum Team is required prior to the student initiating each practicum experience. A practicum experience:
1. **Applies public health skills and competencies.** Students identify the public health skills and competencies relevant to their area of interest that are most beneficial to their career advancement. Students apply these skills and competencies in concert with knowledge gained from their coursework.

2. **Is framed and carried out within a public health practice context with an established organization or agency.** The practicum is a population-level focused project conducted in a practice context. Students may engage in activities at an individual level, but the primary purpose of the experience is to gain population-level practical experience at an established organization or agency. Students can not solely complete screenings, administer surveys, perform calculations, etc., but must be engaged in the larger public health practice context of the activities, as well as become familiar with the organization’s overall purpose and decision-making process. A literature review or data analysis project alone will not meet the practicum requirement. The student must obtain input from the partnering organization and/or from the stakeholders (e.g., population impacted by project, other professionals/researchers completing similar work). There must be a clear link to how the practicum project makes an impact on the targeted population. Students should also develop a deeper understanding of the organization’s mission, hierarchy and practices, as well as the challenges faced (funding, politics, efficiency, etc.) in achieving desired goals.

3. **Is supervised by a qualified preceptor.** The practicum preceptor must be qualified to evaluate the student’s professional competence and supervise the student throughout the project. The preceptor is directly engaged in the population-level focused practicum activities. Preceptors can be from an organization outside of Johns Hopkins (e.g. community-based organization, health department, private corporation, etc.), or a BSPH faculty member if the faculty member is directly engaged with or is the lead on a project that meets the practicum criteria. The preceptor works with the student to develop project learning objectives and deliverables, and guides and monitors the student’s progress and achievement. The student’s faculty academic adviser will be kept informed of the student’s practicum activities and progress and may provide additional assistance if warranted.

4. **Is a significant experience (minimum of 100 hours).** The practicum requirement is administered and tracked by the School’s MPH Practicum Team. Students must have their proposed practicum project(s) approved prior to initiating their experience. The practicum requirement can be met in a variety of ways including a single experience or a combination of experiences. Students may work independently or in a team. Activities must be completed during the MPH year to be able to count towards the MPH practicum requirement.

5. **An evaluated experience.** Preceptors will evaluate on the achievement of defined learning objectives and deliverables by the preceptors. Additionally, students will reflect on and evaluate their overall practicum experiences, particularly as they relate to their career goals. A minimum grade of “C” must be earned in courses with a practicum component that are taken towards fulfilling the requirement. Students who register for practicum special studies credits are required to earn a “pass” for the experience to count towards the practicum requirement.

### Competency-based Learning Objectives for MPH Practicum

Students will need to identify distinct learning objectives for the practicum that address learning and application in at least five competencies competencies from this list (https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/_documents/MPH%20Practicum%20Competencies.pdf).

### Steps to Completing the MPH Practicum

A detailed outline of all steps that students must follow to complete the MPH Practicum, including registration instructions, can be found on the MPH Practicum website (https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/for-students/practicum-process.html) as well as in the MPH program manual. All Students must receive approval from the MPH Practicum Team prior to initiating each practicum experience.

### Ways to Complete the Practicum Requirement

To meet the practicum requirement, the total practicum hours must be at least 100 hours; one may combine multiple experiences of less than 100 hours, to meet the total.

#### Completion of the PH.300.615 or PH.300.603 TOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH PRACTICE course (required for all MPH students) with a grade of C or higher will earn students 10 practicum hours.

#### BSPH APPROVED COURSES WITH A PRACTICUM COMPONENT

Some courses have a real-world practice component, connecting students to outside organizations/agencies. In some cases, the course is centered on a fully developed practice experience that fulfills the practicum requirement for all students who complete the course (i.e. Baltimore Community Practicum, PHASE Internship, and the Health Policy Institute). Other courses may have limited availability or may not fully meet the 100-hour minimum requirement.

For courses that do not fulfill the entire 100-hour practicum requirement, students must combine experiences to complete the practicum requirement in full. Students are expected to complete courses in their entirety with a final letter grade of “C” or better to count towards the practicum requirement.

Please use the following link to view the most current listing of approved practicum courses: [http://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/for-students/practicum-courses.html](http://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/for-students/practicum-courses.html)

### CUSTOMIZED PRACTICUM EXPERIENCES

Students may complete customized practicum experiences coordinated by a BSPH faculty member or in partnership with an outside BSPH preceptor.

**Projects with a BSPH faculty member:** Projects are developed and coordinated by the BSPH faculty member who may or may not serve as the Preceptor (e.g. in conjunction with a course, research study, grant, etc.). Some potential practicum projects with faculty may be established projects and are listed on the Practicum Opportunity Site. Students can also arrange other experiences with a faculty member.

**Projects with an outside non-BSPH preceptor:** Projects can be developed in other settings through their own connections, networks, prior work experience, etc. According to the CEPH accreditation document, “Applied practice experiences may involve governmental, non-governmental, non-profit, industrial and for-profit settings or appropriate university-affiliated settings. To be appropriate for applied practice experience activities, university-affiliated settings must be primarily focused on community engagement, typically with external partners. University health promotion or wellness centers may also be appropriate.”

Examples of customized projects include but are not limited to:
• programmatic cost effectiveness analysis;
• policy analysis and recommendations development with a local health department;
• budget impact analysis of the financial consequences of adoption of a new vaccine,
• qualitative and quantitative data analysis of poor health outcomes for a specific population;
• health curriculum planning and development of health education materials.


Finding Practicum Opportunities
Students may utilize the resources below to identify practicum experiences.

Practicum Opportunity Site – Office of Public Health Practice and Training
https://my.jhsph.edu/Resources/SearchTools/pos/Pages/home.aspx

The Practicum Opportunity Site (POS) lists various potential practicum opportunities (including projects with outside organizations, with BSPH faculty, and practicum courses) that have been identified and vetted by the School's Practicum Team.

SOURCE
http://www.jhsph.edu/source/

SOURCE is the community engagement and service-learning center for the Johns Hopkins University (JHU) Schools of Public Health, Nursing, and Medicine. Its mission is to engage the JHU health professional schools and Baltimore communities in mutually beneficial partnerships that promote health and social justice. There are multiple ways to engage in a practicum experience through SOURCE supported activities, including the SOURCE Service Scholars program, Baltimore Action Projects, Connection Community Consultants, and working directly with a SOURCE partner organization on a project. **NOTE: Not all SOURCE projects meet the practicum requirements.** Subscribe to the SOURCE Weekly Service Scoop to learn more about the latest community involvement opportunities in Baltimore City (http://source.jhu.edu/programs-and-events/service-scoop/).

Office of Public Health Practice and Training

The Office of Public Health Practice and Training (Practice Office) is a schoolwide office dedicated to promoting excellence in public health practice at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health. It works in partnership with students, staff, faculty, academic departments, centers, programs, community partners and alumni. The Practice Office also coordinates the MPH practicum. Any questions pertaining to the MPH practicum should be directed to the MPH Practicum Coordinator in the Practice Office. The MPH Practicum Coordinator can provide feedback/guidance on project ideas and also holds regular office hours throughout the year, during which students can drop by for advice.

Certificate Programs
https://www.jhsph.edu/academics/certificate-programs/

There are a few certificate programs that include their own practicum requirement in the curriculum (e.g. Community-based Public Health, and Quality, Patient Safety, and Outcomes Research). The certificate practicum may fulfill the MPH practicum requirement, upon approval from the practicum team. Please note: Some certificates may have separate practicum paperwork that will need to be completed in addition what you must submit for the MPH practicum.

Key Contact for Practicum
Paulani Mui, MPH Practicum Coordinator
Ph: (410) 502-8952 | Email: practice@jhu.edu

MPH Capstone Project
Overview
The MPH Capstone project is a requirement for graduation for students in the Master's of Public Health Program and is to be completed at the end of or within the final two terms of the program. The MPH Capstone is an opportunity for students to work on public health projects that are of interest to them. The goal is for students to synthesize, integrate and apply the skills and competencies they have acquired throughout the entire MPH program. Completion of the MPH capstone project requires completion of the course, PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences, and both a written and oral component to your project.

The project is done under the direction of a faculty member, the MPH capstone adviser. The capstone adviser will often be the student's adviser but does not have to be. Students can identify another faculty member to supervise the capstone, if more appropriate. **The capstone adviser must have a primary or joint appointment in the School of Public Health.** Department affiliation for any faculty member in the School can be determined by going to the Faculty Directory (https://publichealth.jhu.edu/faculty/directory/list/?combine=&work_type %5Bprimary%5D=primary). If you are uncertain as to your capstone adviser's departmental affiliation, check with your adviser or the MPH Program office.

After identifying a capstone adviser and capstone topic, students are expected to communicate regularly with their capstone adviser about their progress. The iterative process between a student and capstone adviser is an important component in the development and completion of the written project. Please see the capstone completion timeline for specific deadlines.

Requirements
1. **PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences**
   Students must complete the course, PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences as part of the MPH Capstone requirement. Students can complete this course at any time during their MPH program, but it **must be completed no later than the term prior to their capstone presentation.** For example, if you plan to present your capstone project in December (Term 2), you must complete PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences no later than Term 1, prior to your capstone presentation. **Please note:** As part of this course, you will be required to present in a LiveTalk session. It will be your responsibility to choose the date and time of your presentation and participate as scheduled. This course also requires that your computer have a camera and microphone.

2. **MPH Capstone – Course Number and Registration**
   Students are required to register for the 2-credit MPH Capstone in the term that the project will be completed – this includes both the written and oral components. For most students this will be 4th term. More information can be found in the “Registering for MPH Capstone” section.

3. **MPH Capstone - Paper**
To satisfy the written component, a student must write a paper. The paper must include:

- An executive summary or structured abstract (limited to 300 words) and references
- A summary of how the capstone project addresses the areas that you wanted to strengthen, as identified in your MPH Goals
- Analysis
- While there are no formal guidelines on the length of the paper, it is expected that the paper will be approximately 20 pages (ranging between 15-25 double-spaced pages) not including references, tables and figures.

Students who have been approved to pursue an optional MPH concentration should follow any additional specific concentration area requirements for the MPH capstone for that concentration.

4. MPH Capstone - Oral Presentation

Students are required to give a 15-minute oral presentation (10-minute presentation/5-minute discussion) summarizing their capstone project. Students participating in MPH concentrations sometimes present in an alternate venue that is designated by the concentration directors. Students may, with approval of their faculty capstone advisers, be permitted to present at an alternate venue such as a scientific meeting or academic conference.

Possible Forms That the Capstone Project May Take

The capstone project can take many forms including one of the designs below, an expansion of a course, or an internship or practicum opportunity. The overarching principle used to determine if a capstone project is suitable is whether it provides students the opportunity to apply the skills and competencies acquired in the MPH program to a problem likely to be encountered in public health practice. The topic and format of the capstone project is flexible and is developed through discussions between the student and capstone adviser. Some examples of formats or designs for the capstone project include:

Literature Review

The capstone project would be an analysis of an important public health problem through a survey of current literature on the topic. The project would include sections that clearly describe and assess the problem and its magnitude, evaluate its causes and determinants, and discuss prevention and intervention strategies.

Program Plan

The capstone project would involve the development of a plan to implement a public health program. It would address critical issues such as management, fiscal, ethical and logistical issues.

Program Evaluation

The capstone project would involve the evaluation/monitoring of an existing public health program, such as process evaluation, monitoring of outputs and outcomes, impact assessment, and/or cost analysis.

Policy Analysis

The capstone project would involve analysis of the public health implications of a current or proposed policy. The project could include perspectives on economics and financing, need and demand, politics/ethics/law, or quality/effectiveness.

Research Proposal

The capstone project would simulate a grant proposal or research plan. The project would include a clear statement of the research question, the specific aims of the proposal, review of literature, study design, methods of analysis, implications and significance of the work. The research question would be one that is encountered in professional work such as the evaluation of a public health intervention.

Research Report

The capstone project could involve the collection, analysis, and/or interpretation of data to address a public health problem. The project could include sections on the research question, study design, data collection procedures, data analysis, interpretation, and significance of findings.

Secondary data analysis

Typically, the capstone research report is in the form of a secondary data analysis, using an existing data set. Please note that the appropriate IRB approval may need to be obtained for any project that uses data gathered from human subjects. Even in cases where the data is de-identified, a determination should be sought from the IRB office (see IRB section for further information).

Primary data analysis

Work for the MPH capstone can also involve the collection of data. Data collection for a capstone is usually in the context of an ongoing study. It is typically not feasible to initiate a new study involving primary data collection and requires special approval in the rare cases where feasible.

Using a course project as an MPH capstone project

Some courses in the School of Public Health require projects that could serve as a basis for an MPH capstone project. Students may use their work from any project-oriented course as a starting basis for their capstone but must build and expand on it for the final capstone project. Building on a project from a course may be helpful to some students because it provides additional structure and support. If a project from a course is used as a starting point for the capstone, the previous work must be placed in the list of references and the adviser will need a copy of the student’s original paper. There are numerous courses in the School that are project oriented which could serve as a starting point for the capstone.

Capstone Project Timeline

Timeline for online presentations, August session

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<tr>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for</td>
<td>No later than 4th Term</td>
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<td>the Public Health Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By early May</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By late May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>See academic calendar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone</td>
<td>By 3rd week of June</td>
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<td>advisor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone</td>
<td>By 3rd week of July</td>
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<td>advisor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
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<td>paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers</td>
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<td>will not be accepted.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>August (see website for current year’s</td>
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<td>date)</td>
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### Timeline for online presentations, December sessions

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<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences</td>
<td>No later than 1st Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By early August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>See academic calendar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers will not be accepted.</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
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<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>December (see website for current year’s date)</td>
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### Timeline for online presentations, May sessions

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<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences</td>
<td>No later than 3rd Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By early December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By early February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>See academic calendar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-March</td>
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<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-April</td>
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<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers will not be accepted.</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
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<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>May (see website for current year’s date)</td>
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### Timeline for in-person presentation at May Capstone Symposium

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<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences</td>
<td>No later than 3rd Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By early December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By early February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>By mid-March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers will not be accepted.</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>May (see website for current year’s date)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Timeline for presentation at alternate venue

Students presenting at an alternate venue must adhere to the schedules above, as per the time of year in which the project is completed. Deadlines for completion of the oral presentation are August online, December online, or the May symposium date, depending on the period in which the student is graduating.

### Capstone Honors and Awards

The MPH Capstone Awards Committee bestows special honors to the best overall capstone projects. Nominations are accepted from capstone advisers. The winners will be selected by the awards committee based on the written project. Each capstone award winner receives a plaque for excellence. The student with the single overall best capstone project will also receive a $500 award.

### Program Requirements

Course location and modality is found on the BSPH website (https://publichealth.jhu.edu/academics/course-directory/coursesection-numbers-explained/).

### Summary of Graduation Requirements

- A minimum of 80 credits are required for graduation. Students must complete the MPH core curriculum as detailed in the next section entitled “MPH Core Curriculum (p. 4).”
- At least 60 of the 80 credits must be completed in formal coursework that is not special studies, i.e. independent studies.
- At least five additional general competencies from the Focus Area/Concentration Competencies must be completed.
- All courses that are part of the core curriculum must be taken for a letter grade, if the course is offered for a letter grade.
- All students are required to complete an individualized MPH Goals Analysis within the CoursePlus Portfolio.
- All students must complete the MPH Practicum requirement, including course PH.300.615 The Tools of Public Health Practice or PH.300.603 The Tools of Public Health Practice and Decision Making.
- All students must complete PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences and an MPH capstone (PH.XXX.800).
- Students are required to complete PH.550.860 Academic & Research Ethics at BSPH during their first term of registration in the program.
- All students must maintain minimum academic standards (p. 4) and have satisfactory grades as detailed in the Academic Standards section.

Note: A repeated course may only count once toward the 80-credit requirement. Classes taken for audit do not count towards the 80-credit requirement for graduation.
Academic Standards
Students must meet minimum academic standards to remain in the MPH Program. A student’s failure to meet any of the criteria below is grounds for being placed on academic warning and/or being dismissed from the program.

1. To maintain good academic standing in the MPH program, students must maintain a minimum cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.75. Students with a GPA falling below 2.75 will be placed on academic warning and will have one term, or 12 additional credits of coursework, to raise the GPA to 2.75 or above. Students not meeting the 2.75 minimum after one term may be granted additional term(s) on academic warning if academic progress has been shown in the cumulative GPA. Students on academic warning must meet with their faculty advisor and the MPH Academic Coordinator prior to registering for courses. Students with a cumulative GPA of less than 2.75 may not register for more than 18 credits per term. Any repeated courses count towards this 18-credit limit. [Note: Students with less than a 2.75 cumulative GPA are not eligible to enroll in the Biostatistics 620 course series or the Epidemiology 750 course series].

2. A student who earns a “D”, “U”, or “F” grade in a course that meets a core requirement must, at the next opportunity, make a second attempt to complete the core requirement either by repeating the same course or by completing another course that meets the same core requirement (if available).

3. Students must complete the Public Health Policy/Problem Solving core requirement and the Epidemiology core requirement within the first twelve months of matriculation into the MPH program.

4. Students must complete the Goals Analysis plan within the set timeframe during the first two terms of the program.

5. Students must progress toward degree completion in four years or less, as per their Goals Analysis plan. If additional time is required to complete the degree, it is a student’s responsibility to contact their faculty advisor and their MPH Academic Coordinator to request an extension beyond the four-year limit. An extension request should be submitted to their faculty advisor and their MPH Academic Coordinator at least one term prior to the end of the 4-year limit.

6. Students may not accrue more than 9 credits of “incomplete” coursework at any given time. Students exceeding this limit must immediately contact their faculty advisor and their MPH Academic Coordinator in writing (email communication is sufficient) to discuss their academic situation. Students may not be permitted to register for subsequent terms until the incompletes have been resolved.

7. Students who are inactive (not enrolled in courses) for two terms or more without notifying their MPH Academic Coordinator of their academic plans will be withdrawn from the program. Students who do notify in writing (email communication is sufficient) their MPH Academic Coordinator and faculty advisor of their circumstances may suspend enrollment, assuming that they otherwise have met academic standards.

Academic and Research Ethics at BSPH
Maintaining the highest level of academic and research integrity is an important responsibility of our faculty and students. To help achieve this goal, all students are required to complete the PH.550.860 Academic & Research Ethics at BSPH course. The course examines academic and research ethics at BSPH through a series of online interactive modules:

- Focuses on information about the academic ethics code and responsible conduct of research at the School.
- Explores issues of academic integrity such as proper ethical conduct and referencing, and discusses violations such as plagiarism and cheating, relative to case studies that illustrate situations faced by students and faculty in the academic setting.
- Addresses topics that include responsible conduct of research, authorship, data management, data ownership, guidelines for professional conduct, research fraud or scientific misconduct, federal and institutional guidelines related to research using human and animal subjects and ethical issues involving vulnerable subjects in research.

Students are automatically registered into the Academic and Research Ethics course (PH.550.860) when they matriculate into the MPH program. All BSPH students are required to complete this non-credit course by the end of the Institute associated with their Orientation program and matriculation (ie: Summer Institute, Fall Institute or Winter Institute).

The BSPH Policy and Procedure Memorandum for Students for Academic Ethics can be found at https://my.jhsph.edu/Resources/PoliciesProcedures/ppm/PolicyProcedureMemoranda/Students_01_Academic_Ethics_102606.pdf

The WELCH SCHOLARSHIP
All new online/part-time MPH students will be awarded the Welch Scholarship. This award is in honor of the Bloomberg School’s 100th anniversary and our founding dean William Henry Welch. The Welch Scholarship is designated for tuition costs and is disbursed incrementally for each credit (up to 80 credits). This funding can be used for online, in-person or institute courses. Please note that the Welch Scholarship is not part of Federal Financial Aid and does not have the same eligibility guidelines. To be eligible for the Welch Scholarship, students must register for no more than 12 credits per term or institute. While the maximum part-time credit load is 11 credits, we can make an exception and award the Welch Scholarship for 12 credits. This is particularly beneficial for international students who may be taking courses in the United States and their visa requires them to take a minimum of 12 credits.

If a part-time/online MPH program student takes more than 12 credits in any Term or Institute, they will not receive the Welch Scholarship and will pay the full-time tuition rate for that term.

MPH Core Curriculum
The core curriculum and associated components of the MPH Program includes grounding in foundational public health knowledge in the profession and science of public health and factors related to human health. All MPH graduates will demonstrate public health competencies that are informed by the critical disciplines in public health including: biostatistics, epidemiology, social and behavioral determinants of health, management sciences, public health problem-solving, computer applications, demography, environmental health, biological sciences, and...
public health policy) as well as cross-cutting and emerging public health areas.

The core curriculum also provides an opportunity to apply the skills and competencies acquired during the program to practical public health problems through the MPH practicum experience and the MPH capstone course and project.

The following are required of MPH students, but are not formal courses:

- History of Public Health module (Pre-Orientation activity)
- Goals Analysis Plan requirement (please see section “Goals Analysis and Portfolio”)
- MPH Practicum requirement (please see section “Practicum Experience in Population-based Health”)
- Completion of Interprofessional Education Event as part of course PH.552.625 Building Collaborations Across Sectors to Improve Population Health

In addition to the above courses, students must also complete additional courses to satisfy the MPH foundational knowledge learning objectives and public health foundational competencies. The tables on the following pages list courses that satisfy the foundational knowledge and competency areas and when they are offered.

Course schedules are subject to change; please check the course database for the most up-to-date course listing information: https://www.jhsph.edu/courses/ (https://www.jhsph.edu/courses/)

Listing of MPH Core Curriculum Course Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select one of the following: 3-8</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.221.688</td>
<td>Social and Behavioral Foundations of Primary Health Care</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.222.642</td>
<td>Assessment of Nutritional Status</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.224.689</td>
<td>Health Behavior Change At the Individual, Household and Community Levels</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.318.623</td>
<td>Social Policy for Vulnerable Populations in the U.S.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.380.640</td>
<td>Children in Crisis: An Asset-Based Approach to Working With Vulnerable Youth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.613</td>
<td>Psychosocial Factors in Health and Illness</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.614</td>
<td>A New View: Improving Public Health Through innovative Social and Behavioral Tools and Approaches</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.616</td>
<td>Social and Behavioral Aspects of Public Health</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.620</td>
<td>Program Planning for Health Behavior Change</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.654 &amp; PH.410.655</td>
<td>Health Communication Programs I: Planning and Strategic Design and Health Communication Programs II: Implementation and Evaluation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.683</td>
<td>Global Perspectives on LGBT Health</td>
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**Biologic and Genetic Factors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.552.608</td>
<td>Biologic, Genetic and Infectious Bases of Human Disease (Required)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Biology and Public Health**

Appropriate for all students. Provides a broad introduction to public health biology.
### Master of Public Health Program (MPH)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.650</td>
<td>Introduction to Persuasive Communications: Theories and Practice</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.410.651</td>
<td>Health Literacy: Challenges and Strategies for Effective Communication</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.410.654 &amp; PH.410.655</td>
<td>Health Communication Programs I: Planning and Strategic Design and Health Communication Programs II: Implementation and Evaluation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.180.601</td>
<td>Environmental Health (Required)</td>
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<td>PH.552.601</td>
<td>Foundational Principles of Public Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.552.609</td>
<td>Psychological and Behavioral Factors That Affect A Population's Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.552.610</td>
<td>The Social Determinants of Health (Required)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.552.611</td>
<td>Globalization and Population Health (Required)</td>
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<td>Health Equity</td>
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<td>PH.188.694</td>
<td>Health of Vulnerable Worker Populations</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.305.684</td>
<td>Health Impact Assessment</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.318.623</td>
<td>Social Policy for Vulnerable Populations in the U.S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.330.661</td>
<td>Social, Psychological, and Developmental Processes in the Etiology of Mental Disorders</td>
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<td>PH.380.604</td>
<td>Life Course Perspectives on Health</td>
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<td>PH.410.600</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Health, Behavior and Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interprofessional Practice</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.552.625 &amp; PH.550.602</td>
<td>Building Collaborations Across Sectors to Improve Population Health and Interprofessional Education Activity (Required)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Leadership, Governance, and Management</td>
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<td>2-4</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.221.602</td>
<td>Applications in Managing Health Organizations in Low and Middle income Countries</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.221.608</td>
<td>Managing Non-Governmental Organizations in the Health Sector</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.312.600</td>
<td>Managing Health Services Organizations</td>
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<td>PH.312.601</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Management for Health Care Organizations</td>
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<td>PH.312.655</td>
<td>Organizational Behavior and Management</td>
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<td>PH.312.700</td>
<td>Leading Organizations</td>
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<td>PH.312.703</td>
<td>Learning Organizations &amp; Knowledge Management</td>
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<td>PH.410.622</td>
<td>Strategic Leadership Principles and Tools for Health System Transformation in Developing Countries</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.380.880 &amp; PH.380.881</td>
<td>Lessons in Leadership: Applications for Population, Family and Reproductive Health I</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.380.882 &amp; PH.380.883</td>
<td>Lessons in Leadership: Applications for Population, Family and Reproductive Health II</td>
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<td>Negotiation and Mediation</td>
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<td>PH.552.623</td>
<td>Principles of Negotiation and Mediation for Public Health Professionals (Required)</td>
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<td>PH.552.624</td>
<td>Applications of Negotiation and Mediation for Public Health Professionals (Required)</td>
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<td>Population Dynamics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.380.755</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health Policy/Problem Solving</td>
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<td>Must be completed during the 1st year of the MPH Program</td>
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<td>Select one of the following:</td>
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<td>PH.300.610</td>
<td>Public Health Policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.550.608</td>
<td>Problem Solving in Public Health</td>
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<td>Public Health Practice</td>
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<td>Select one of the following:</td>
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<td>PH.300.603</td>
<td>The Tools of Public Health Practice and Decision Making</td>
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<td>PH.300.615</td>
<td>The Tools of Public Health Practice</td>
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<td>Qualitative Methods</td>
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<td>PH.224.690</td>
<td>Qualitative Research Theory and Methods</td>
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<td>PH.550.604</td>
<td>Qualitative Reasoning in Public Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.552.603</td>
<td>The Role of Qualitative Methods and Science in Describing and Assessing a Population's Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>Quantitative Methods</td>
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<td>Must complete requirements for both Biostatistics and Epidemiology</td>
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<td>Biostatistics</td>
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<tr>
<td>No switching permitted between Biostatistics sequences.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Select one complete sequence from the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.140.611 &amp; PH.140.612</td>
<td>Statistical Reasoning in Public Health II &amp; Statistical Reasoning in Public Health II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.140.621 &amp; PH.140.622</td>
<td>Statistical Methods in Public Health I &amp; Statistical Methods in Public Health II</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.140.623 &amp; PH.140.624</td>
<td>Statistical Methods in Public Health III &amp; Statistical Methods in Public Health III</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.140.651 &amp; PH.140.652</td>
<td>Methods in Biostatistics I &amp; Methods in Biostatistics II</td>
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<td>PH.140.653 &amp; PH.140.654</td>
<td>Methods in Biostatistics III &amp; Methods in Biostatistics IV</td>
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<tr>
<td>Epidemiology</td>
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<tr>
<td>Must be completed during the 1st year of the MPH program</td>
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<td>Select one of the following:</td>
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<tr>
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<td>PH.340.721</td>
<td>Epidemiologic Inference in Public Health I</td>
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<td>Resource Management and Budgeting</td>
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<tr>
<td>Select one of the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>PH.221.602</td>
<td>Applications in Managing Health Organizations in Low and Middle income Countries</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.312.603</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Budgeting and Financial Management</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.318.625</td>
<td>Management of Nonprofit Organizations</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.552.621</td>
<td>Basic Resources Management for Public Health</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH.552.622</td>
<td>Creating, Implementing and Monitoring Budgets for Projects and Programs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Systems Thinking</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Select one of the following:</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The table format is designed to be read naturally, with each course and its relevant details listed in a structured manner. The table includes all the required and elective courses, as well as the credits associated with each course. The format ensures clarity and ease of reading.
The purpose of the MPH Individualized Goals Analysis requirement is to:

Goals Analysis

Competencies and related courses.

Please check https://publichealth.jhu.edu/academics/academic-programs/masters-degrees/master-of-public-health-mph/program-options/full-time-format/concentrations/ for updated, detailed information on Focus Area Competencies and related courses.

MODIFICATIONS OF CORE COURSE REQUIREMENTS

In some exceptional circumstances, students may be granted a modification of some core requirements if they can demonstrate and document that they have previously acquired the associated core competencies. Even if a modification is granted of a core course, 80 credits are still required for graduation. Modifications or exceptions can only be granted in the following core areas:

- **Biostatistics**: Requires taking an examination. Please contact Dr. Marie Diener-West, mdiener@jhu.edu.
- **Epidemiology**: Requires taking an examination. Please contact Ms. Allyn Arnold, aarnold2@jhu.edu.
- **Biology and Public Health**: Core course exceptions can be requested by contacting Dr. Gary Ketner, gketner1@jhu.edu. Be prepared to submit the title of the course, name of instructor, textbook used, a summary of course syllabi, and grade received.

Additional General Competencies

Students must select 5 additional general competencies that they plan to develop – separate from the Foundational Public Health competencies. These five additional competencies may expand or enhance the foundational competencies but cannot be the same as them. Students select their 5 additional competencies from among the > 60 competencies listed in courses required by any of the 12 MPH Focus Areas.

- This decision should be made in consultation with your academic advisor.
- Please note that a single course may satisfy multiple competencies.

The Competency Table must be completed and submitted as part of your curriculum plan. You will submit the curriculum plan online. All courses that you select to meet your 5 additional competencies must be completed for degree completion and graduation eligibility.

As you progress through the MPH program, if your course selections change, you must upload a new curriculum plan and competency table to show how these requirements will continue to be met.

Please check https://publichealth.jhu.edu/academics/academic-programs/masters-degrees/master-of-public-health-mph/program-options/full-time-format/concentrations/ for updated, detailed information on Focus Area Competencies and related courses.

Goals Analysis

The purpose of the MPH Individualized Goals Analysis requirement is to:

- Describe the goals and competencies which you aim to achieve during your program.
- Plan your MPH education early in your program with the support and guidance of your academic network adviser.
- Serve as a springboard for discussion of career opportunities as the program progresses.
- The Goals Analysis should be updated as you make changes in focus and direction throughout the MPH program.

The required Goals Analysis will be completed as part of the Introduction to MPH Studies course and consists of two parts:

- **Part 1 – Self-Assessment**: Complete a self-assessment by:
  1. Rating your current skill levels for the Schoolwide and MPH core competencies. Identify the core competencies that you wish to focus on and those that are particularly relevant to your professional future.
  2. In your reflection, briefly explain what knowledge, skills, and experiences you bring to the program. Identify your goals for the MPH by explaining what you hope to gain in terms of knowledge, skills, professional and personal contacts, and any additional experiences. This information should be reviewed with your academic network adviser.
- **Part 2 – Curriculum Planning**: Students should work with their academic network adviser to complete their curriculum plan and submit the online Core Curriculum Confirmation Form to the MPH Program office.
  1. Develop a term-by-term tentative course plan for your entire MPH program, including the five general competencies and corresponding courses that you will be completing. Your course plan should include the required courses, electives, and special studies you intend to take and when you plan to complete these courses.
  2. Once your term-by-term plan has been created, complete the Core Curriculum Confirmation Form, indicating your core course selections and your 5 general competency selections. In the reflection section of the form, list any potential plans for a practicum experience and the specific skills you hope to develop through the practicum. Also, briefly describe one or more capstone topics of interest and possible capstone faculty mentors.
  3. Once you have submitted the Core Curriculum Confirmation Form, then add your Biostatistics sequence selection and your general competency selection to your Degree Audit. This is required for degree completion and graduation. If during your MPH program, your biostatistics sequence or general competency selections change (including joining or leaving a concentration), you must update your Degree Audit to reflect these changes. All courses that are linked to your 5 general competencies must be completed for degree and graduation eligibility.

The Goals Analysis is intended to be a living document, one which you and your advisor review and update as you make changes in focus and direction throughout the MPH program.

Practicum Experience in Population-based Health

About the Practicum

The intent of the MPH practicum requirement is to engage students in activities aligned with their career goals, as well as activities that demonstrate application of public health concepts and critical thinking relevant to the student’s area of specialization. Students will seek out activities that further develop their skill set and add new tools to their professional toolkit. Upon completion of the program, the student will be able to provide evidence of application of these skills to potential employers.
Organizations or agencies that can serve as practicum sites may include local and state public health agencies, community-based organizations, international non-governmental agencies and organizations, data coordinating centers for clinical trials, and BSPH Centers. The Practicum Experience must have some engagement in the larger public health practice implications of the work. This could be completed in a variety of ways, as appropriate to the individual projects. Some examples include, but are not limited to, collaboration with others (e.g., end users, data collectors, etc.) to provide/prepare for data analysis and interpretation, partnerships with other public health organizations (e.g., state health department, community organizations) related to study design or implementation; and obtaining input on the work from stakeholders (population impacted by project, other professionals/researchers completing similar work).

Activities completed prior to matriculation to the MPH program do not count towards the MPH practicum requirement.

Helpful Links

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/">https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/</a></td>
<td>Practicum Website</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="https://my.jhsph.edu/Resources/SearchTools/pos/Pages/home.aspx">https://my.jhsph.edu/Resources/SearchTools/pos/Pages/home.aspx</a></td>
<td>Practicum Opportunity Site</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

General Criteria for MPH Practicum

The following criteria reflect the minimum practicum requirements. Approval from the MPH Practicum Team is required prior to the student initiating each practicum experience. A practicum experience:

1. **Applies public health skills and competencies.** Students identify the public health skills and competencies relevant to their area of interest that are most beneficial to their career advancement. Students apply these skills and competencies in concert with knowledge gained from their coursework.

2. **Is framed and carried out within a public health practice context with an established organization or agency.** The practicum is a population-level focused project conducted in a practice context. Students may engage in activities at an individual level, but the primary purpose of the experience is to gain population-level practical experience at an established organization or agency. Students can not solely complete screenings, administer surveys, perform calculations, etc., but must be engaged in the larger public health practice context of the activities, as well as become familiar with the organization's overall purpose and decision-making process. A literature review or data analysis project alone will not meet the practicum requirement. The student must obtain input from the partnering organization and/or from the stakeholders (e.g., population impacted by project, other professionals/researchers completing similar work). There must be a clear link to how the practicum project makes an impact on the targeted population. Students should also develop a deeper understanding of the organization's mission, hierarchy and practices, as well as the challenges faced (funding, politics, efficiency, etc.) in achieving desired goals.

3. **Is supervised by a qualified preceptor.** The practicum preceptor must be qualified to evaluate the student's professional competence and supervise the student throughout the project. The preceptor is directly engaged in the population-level focused practicum activities. Preceptors can be from an organization outside of Johns Hopkins (e.g. community-based organization, health department, private corporation, etc.), or a BSPH faculty member if the faculty member is directly engaged with or is the lead on a project that meets the practicum criteria. The preceptor works with the student to develop project learning objectives and deliverables, and guides and monitors the student’s progress and achievement. The student’s faculty academic advisor will be kept informed of the student’s practicum activities and progress and may provide additional assistance if warranted.

4. **Is a significant experience (minimum of 100 hours).** The practicum requirement is administered and tracked by the School's MPH Practicum Team. Students must have their proposed practicum project(s) approved prior to initiating their experience. The practicum requirement can be met in a variety of ways including a single experience or a combination of experiences. Students may work independently or in a team. Activities must be completed during the MPH year to be able to count towards the MPH practicum requirement.

5. **An evaluated experience.** Preceptors will evaluate on the achievement of defined learning objectives and deliverables by the preceptors. Additionally, students will reflect on and evaluate their overall practicum experiences, particularly as they relate to their career goals. A minimum grade of "C" must be earned in courses with a practicum component that are taken towards fulfilling the requirement. Students who register for practicum special studies credits are required to earn a "pass" for the experience to count towards the practicum requirement.

Competency-based Learning Objectives for MPH Practicum

Students will need to identify distinct learning objectives for the practicum that address learning and application in at least five competencies from this list (https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/_documents/MPH%20Practicum%20Competencies.pdf).

Steps to Completing the MPH Practicum

A detailed outline of all steps that students must follow to complete the MPH Practicum, including registration instructions, can be found on the MPH Practicum website (https://www.jhsph.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/for-students/practicum-process.html) as well as in the MPH program manual. All Students must receive approval from the MPH Practicum Team prior to initiating each practicum experience.

Ways to Complete the Practicum Requirement

To meet the practicum requirement, the total practicum hours must be at least 100 hours; one may combine multiple experiences of less than 100 hours, to meet the total.

**Completion of the PH.300.615 or PH.300.603 TOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH PRACTICE course (required for all MPH students) with a grade of C or higher will earn students 10 practicum hours.**

BSPH APPROVED COURSES WITH A PRACTICUM COMPONENT

Some courses have a real-world practice component, connecting students to outside organizations/agencies. In some cases, the course is centered on a fully developed practice experience that fulfills the
practicum requirement for all students who complete the course (i.e. Baltimore Community Practicum, PHASE Internship, and the Health Policy Institute). Other courses may have limited availability or may not fully meet the 100-hour minimum requirement.

For courses that do not fulfill the entire 100-hour practicum requirement, students must combine experiences to complete the practicum requirement in full. Students are expected to complete courses in their entirety with a final letter grade of “C” or better to count towards the practicum requirement.

Please use the following link to view the most current listing of approved practicum courses: [http://www.jhsphec.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/for-students/practicum-courses.html](http://www.jhsphec.edu/offices-and-services/practice-and-training/practicum/for-students/practicum-courses.html)

**CUSTOMIZED PRACTICUM EXPERIENCES**

Students may complete customized practicum experiences coordinated by a BSPH faculty member or in partnership with an outside BSPH preceptor.

**Projects with a BSPH faculty member:** Projects are developed and coordinated by the BSPH faculty member who may or may not serve as the Preceptor (e.g. in conjunction with a course, research study, grant, etc.). Some potential practicum projects with faculty may be established projects and are listed on the Practicum Opportunity Site. Students can also arrange other experiences with a faculty member.

**Projects with an outside non-BSPH preceptor:** Projects can be developed in other settings through their own connections, networks, prior work experience, etc. According to the CEPH accreditation document, “Applied practice experiences may involve governmental, non-governmental, non-profit, industrial and for-profit settings or appropriate university-affiliated settings. To be appropriate for applied practice experience activities, university-affiliated settings must be primarily focused on community engagement, typically with external partners. University health promotion or wellness centers may also be appropriate.”

Examples of customized projects include but are not limited to:

- programmatic cost effectiveness analysis;
- policy analysis and recommendations development with a local health department;
- budget impact analysis of the financial consequences of adoption of a new vaccine,
- qualitative and quantitative data analysis of poor health outcomes for a specific population;
- health curriculum planning and development of health education materials.


**Finding Practicum Opportunities**

Students may utilize the resources below to identify practicum experiences.

**Practicum Opportunity Site – Office of Public Health Practice and Training**

[https://my.jhsphec.edu/Resources/SearchTools/pos/Pages/home.aspx](https://my.jhsphec.edu/Resources/SearchTools/pos/Pages/home.aspx)

The Practicum Opportunity Site (POS) lists various potential practicum opportunities (including projects with outside organizations, with BSPH faculty, and practicum courses) that have been identified and vetted by the School’s Practicum Team.

**SOURCE**

[http://www.jhsphec.edu/source/](http://www.jhsphec.edu/source/)

SOURCE is the community engagement and service-learning center for the Johns Hopkins University (JHU) Schools of Public Health, Nursing, and Medicine. Its mission is to engage the JHU health professional schools and Baltimore communities in mutually beneficial partnerships that promote health and social justice. There are multiple ways to engage in a practicum experience through SOURCE supported activities, including the SOURCE Service Scholars program, Baltimore Action Projects, Connection Community Consultants, and working directly with a SOURCE partner organization on a project. **NOTE: Not all SOURCE projects meet the practicum requirements.** Subscribe to the SOURCE Weekly Service Scoop to learn more about the latest community involvement opportunities in Baltimore City ([http://source.jhu.edu/programs-and-events/service-scoop/](http://source.jhu.edu/programs-and-events/service-scoop/)).

**Office of Public Health Practice and Training**


The Office of Public Health Practice and Training (Practice Office) is a schoolwide office dedicated to promoting excellence in public health practice at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health. It works in partnership with students, staff, faculty, academic departments, centers, programs, community partners and alumni. The Practice Office also coordinates the MPH practicum. Any questions pertaining to the MPH practicum should be directed to the MPH Practicum Coordinator in the Practice Office. The MPH Practicum Coordinator can provide feedback/guidance on project ideas and also holds regular office hours throughout the year, during which students can drop by for advice.

**Certificate Programs**

[https://www.jhsphec.edu/academics/certificate-programs/](https://www.jhsphec.edu/academics/certificate-programs/)

There are a few certificate programs that include their own practicum requirement in the curriculum (e.g. Community-based Public Health, and Quality, Patient Safety, and Outcomes Research). The certificate practicum may fulfill the MPH practicum requirement, upon approval from the practicum team. Please note: Some certificates may have separate practicum paperwork that will need to be completed in addition what you must submit for the MPH practicum.

**Key Contact for Practicum**

Paulani Mui, MPH Practicum Coordinator
Ph: (410) 502-8952 | Email: practice@jhu.edu

**MPH Capstone Project**

**Overview**

The MPH Capstone Project is a requirement for graduation for students in the Master’s of Public Health Program and is to be completed at the end of or within the final two terms of the program. The MPH Capstone is an opportunity for students to work on public health projects that are of interest to them. The goal is for students to synthesize, integrate and apply the skills and competencies they have acquired throughout the entire MPH program. Completion of the MPH capstone project requires completion of the course, PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences, and both a written and oral component to your project.

The project is done under the direction of a faculty member, the MPH capstone advisor. The capstone advisor will often be the student’s advisor but does not have to be. Students can identify another faculty
member to supervise the capstone, if more appropriate. The capstone advisor must have a primary or joint appointment in the School of Public Health. Department affiliation for any faculty member in the School can be determined by going to the Faculty Directory (https://publichealth.jhu.edu/faculty/directory/list?combine=&work_type %5Bprimary%5D=primary). If you are uncertain as to your capstone advisor’s departmental affiliation, check with your advisor or the MPH Program office.

After identifying a capstone advisor and capstone topic, students are expected to communicate regularly with their capstone advisor about their progress. The iterative process between a student and capstone advisor is an important component in the development and completion of the written project. Please see the capstone completion timeline for specific deadlines.

### Requirements

1. **PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences**
   Students must complete the course, PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences as part of the MPH Capstone requirement. Students can complete this course at any time during their MPH program, but it must be completed no later than the term prior to their capstone presentation. For example, if you plan to present your capstone project in December (Term 2), you must complete PH.260.720 Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences no later than Term 1, prior to your capstone presentation.
   **Please note:** As part of this course, you will be required to present in a LiveTalk session. It will be your responsibility to choose the date and time of your presentation and participate as scheduled. This course also requires that your computer have a camera and microphone.

2. **MPH Capstone – Course Number and Registration**
   Students are required to register for the 2-credit MPH Capstone in the term that the project will be completed – this includes both the written and oral components. For most students this will be 4th term. More information can be found in the “Registering for MPH Capstone” section.

3. **MPH Capstone - Paper**
   To satisfy the written component, a student must write a paper. The paper must include:
   - An executive summary or structured abstract (limited to 300 words) and references
   - A summary of how the capstone project addresses the areas that you wanted to strengthen, as identified in your MPH Goals
     Analysis
   - While there are no formal guidelines on the length of the paper, it is expected that the paper will be approximately 20 pages (ranging between 15-25 double-spaced pages) not including references, tables and figures.
   Students who have been approved to pursue an optional MPH concentration should follow any additional specific concentration area requirements for the MPH capstone for that concentration.

4. **MPH Capstone - Oral Presentation**
   Students are required to give a 15-minute oral presentation (10-minute presentation/5-minute discussion) summarizing their capstone project. Part-time students have the option of presenting online in August, December or May or at the in-person Symposium in May. Students participating in MPH concentrations sometimes present in an alternate venue that is designated by the concentration directors. Students may, with approval of their faculty capstone advisors, be permitted to present at an alternate venue such as a scientific meeting or academic conference.

### Possible Forms That the Capstone Project May Take

The capstone project can take many forms including one of the designs below, an expansion of a course, or an internship or practicum opportunity. The overarching principle used to determine if a capstone project is suitable is whether it provides students the opportunity to apply the skills and competencies acquired in the MPH program to a problem likely to be encountered in public health practice. The topic and format of the capstone project is flexible and is developed through discussions between the student and capstone advisor. Some examples of formats or designs for the capstone project include:

- **Literature Review**
  The capstone project would be an analysis of an important public health problem through a survey of current literature on the topic. The project would include sections that clearly describe and assess the problem and its magnitude, evaluate its causes and determinants, and discuss prevention and intervention strategies.

- **Program Plan**
  The capstone project would involve the development of a plan to implement a public health program. It would address critical issues such as management, fiscal, ethical and logistical issues.

- **Program Evaluation**
  The capstone project would involve the evaluation/monitoring of an existing public health program, such as process evaluation, monitoring of outputs and outcomes, impact assessment, and/or cost analysis.

- **Policy Analysis**
  The capstone project would involve analysis of the public health implications of a current or proposed policy. The project could include perspectives on economics and financing, need and demand, politics/ethics/law, or quality/effectiveness.

- **Research Proposal**
  The capstone project would simulate a grant proposal or research plan. The project would include a clear statement of the research question, the specific aims of the proposal, review of literature, study design, methods of analysis, implications and significance of the work. The research question would be one that is encountered in professional work such as the evaluation of a public health intervention.

- **Research Report**
  The capstone project could involve the collection, analysis, and/or interpretation of data to address a public health problem. The project could include sections on the research question, study design, data collection procedures, data analysis, interpretation, and significance of findings.

- **Secondary data analysis**
  Typically, the capstone research report is in the form of a secondary data analysis, using an existing data set. Please note that the appropriate IRB approval may need to be obtained for any project that uses data gathered from human subjects. Even in cases where the data is de-identified, a determination should be sought from the IRB office (see IRB section for further information).

- **Primary data analysis**
  Work for the MPH capstone can also involve the collection of data. Data collection for a capstone is usually in the context of an ongoing study.
It is typically not feasible to initiate a new study involving primary data collection and requires special approval in the rare cases where feasible.

**Using a course project as an MPH capstone project**

Some courses in the School of Public Health require projects that could serve as a basis for an MPH capstone project. Students may use their work from any project-oriented course as a starting basis for their capstone but must build and expand on it for the final capstone project. Building on a project from a course may be helpful to some students because it provides additional structure and support. If a project from a course is used as a starting point for the capstone, the previous work must be placed in the list of references and the advisor will need a copy of the student's original paper. There are numerous courses in the School that are project oriented which could serve as a starting point for the capstone.

**Capstone Project Timeline**

**Timeline for online presentations, August session**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences</td>
<td>No later than 4th Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By early May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By late May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>See academic calendar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers will not be accepted.</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>August (see website for current year’s date)</td>
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</table>

**Timeline for online presentations, December sessions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences</td>
<td>No later than 1st Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By late August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>See academic calendar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By 3rd week of October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers will not be accepted.</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>May (see website for current year’s date)</td>
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**Timeline for in-person presentation at May Capstone Symposium**

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<th>Event</th>
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<tr>
<td>Complete PH.260.720: Communications Primer for the Public Health Sciences</td>
<td>No later than 3rd Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit online Capstone Information Form</td>
<td>By early December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final outline to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By early February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register for capstone course for Summer Term</td>
<td>See academic calendar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit first draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit final draft of project to capstone advisor</td>
<td>By mid-April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upload only the capstone advisor approved final paper and slides to drop box. Unapproved papers will not be accepted.</td>
<td>By one week before presentation date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give oral presentation</td>
<td>May (see website for current year’s date)</td>
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**Timeline for presentation at alternate venue**

Students presenting at an alternate venue must adhere to the schedules above, as per the time of year in which the project is completed. Deadlines for completion of the oral presentation are August online, December online, or the May symposium date, depending on the period in which the student is graduating.

**Capstone Honors and Awards**

The MPH Capstone Awards Committee bestows special honors to the best overall capstone projects. Nominations are accepted from capstone advisors. The winners will be selected by the awards committee based
on the written project. Each capstone award winner receives a plaque for excellence. The student with the single overall best capstone project will also receive a $500 award.

**Learning Outcomes**

**Foundational Public Health Knowledge**

All MPH students will attain grounding in foundational public health knowledge as measured by the following learning objectives:

**Profession & Science of Public Health**
- Explain public health history, philosophy and values
- Identify the core functions of public health and the 10 Essential Services
- Explain the role of quantitative methods and sciences in describing and assessing a population’s health
- Explain the role of qualitative methods and sciences in describing and assessing a population’s health
- List major causes and trends of morbidity and mortality in the US or other community relevant to the school or program
- Discuss the science of primary, secondary and tertiary prevention in population health, including health promotion, screening, etc.
- Explain the critical importance of evidence in advancing public health knowledge

**Factors Related to Human Health**
- Explain effects of environmental factors on a population’s health
- Explain biological factors that affect a population’s health
- Explain genetic factors that affect a population’s health
- Explain behavioral and psychological factors that affect a population’s health
- Explain the social, political and economic determinants of health and how they contribute to population health and health inequities
- Explain how globalization affects global burdens of disease
- Explain an ecological perspective on the connections among human health, animal health and ecosystem health (e.g., One Health)

**Foundational Public Health Competencies**

All MPH students will demonstrate achievement of the following competencies:

**Evidence-based Approaches to Public Health**
- Apply epidemiological methods to the breadth of settings and situations in public health practice
- Select quantitative data collection methods appropriate for a given public health context
- Select qualitative data collection methods appropriate for a given public health context
- Analyze quantitative data using biostatistics, informatics, computer-based programming and software, as appropriate
- Analyze qualitative data using computer-based programming and software, as appropriate
- Interpret results of data analysis for public health research, policy or practice

**Public Health & Health Care Systems**
- Compare the organization, structure and function of health care, public health and regulatory systems across national and international settings
- Discuss how structural bias, social inequities and racism undermine health and create challenges to achieving health equity at organizational, community and societal levels

**Planning & Management to Promote Health**
- Assess population needs, assets and capacities that affect communities’ health
- Apply awareness of cultural values and practices to the design or implementation of public health policies or programs
- Design a population-based policy, program, project or intervention
- Explain basic principles and tools of budget and resource management
- Select methods to evaluate public health programs

**Policy in Public Health**
- Discuss multiple dimensions of the policy-making process, including the roles of ethics and evidence
- Propose strategies to identify stakeholders and build coalitions and partnerships for influencing public health outcomes
- Advocate for political, social or economic policies and programs that will improve health in diverse populations
- Evaluate policies for their impact on public health and health equity

**Leadership**
- Apply principles of leadership, governance and management, which include creating a vision, empowering others, fostering collaboration and guiding decision making
- Apply negotiation and mediation skills to address organizational or community challenges

**Communication**
- Select communication strategies for different audiences and sectors
- Communicate audience-appropriate public health content, both in writing and through oral presentation
- Describe the importance of cultural competence in communicating public health content

**Interprofessional Practice**
- Perform effectively on interprofessional teams

**Systems Thinking**
- Apply systems thinking tools to a public health issue